Initial Licensure	CDCA, CITA, CRDTS, SRTA, WREB
Examination	Source: Nebraska Board of Dentistry - Dentist Application
Requirements	Source. Nebraska Board of Dentistry - Dentist Application
General	Nebraska Statutes 38-1117. Dentistry; license; requirements.
Licensure	(1) Every applicant for a license to practice dentistry shall (a) present proof of
Requirements	graduation with a Doctor of Dental Surgery degree or a Doctor of Dental
Roquiromonio	Medicine degree from an accredited school or college of dentistry, (b) pass
	an examination approved by the Board of Dentistry which shall consist of the
	National Board Dental Examinations, both Part I and Part II, as constructed
	and administered by the American Dental Association Joint Commission on
	National Dental Examinations, (c) demonstrate the applicant's skill in clinical
	dentistry by passing the practical examination administered by the Central
	Regional Dental Testing Service or any other regional or state practical
	examination that the Board of Dentistry determines to be comparable to such
	practical examination, (d) pass a jurisprudence examination approved by the
	board that is based on the Nebraska statutes, rules, and regulations governing
	the practice of dentistry and dental hygiene, and (e) demonstrate continuing
	clinical competency as a condition of licensure if required by the board.
	(2) Upon completion of these requirements, the department, with the recommendation of the board, shall issue the applicant a license to practice
	dentistry.
	172 Nebraska Administrative Code, Chapter 56
	003. LICENSE REQUIREMENTS. To obtain a temporary license or an initial
	license, an individual must submit a complete application provided by the
	Department, provide documentation demonstrating that the applicant meets
	the licensing requirements of Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 38-1117 or 38-1120, Neb.
	Rev. Stat. § 38-131, 172 NAC 10, and these regulations.
	003.01 EXPERIENCE . Applicants applying for an initial license or a temporary
	license on the basis of a credential in another jurisdiction must provide direct
	source verification of certification of a credential to practice dentistry submitted
	to the Department by the jurisdiction.
	003.02 EXAMINATION . Applicants must: (A) Demonstrate passage of the licensure examination with a score of 75 or above on Part I and Part II of the
	National Board Dental Examinations or equivalent as approved by the Board;
	(B) Demonstrate passage of the practical examination with the score of 75 or
	above on each part of the examination within the past 5 years; and (C)
	Demonstrate passage of a jurisprudence examination with a score of 75 or
	above.
License by	Nebraska Statutes 38-1120. Dentist; reciprocity; requirements.
Credential/	Every applicant for a license to practice dentistry based on a license in another
Endorsement	state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia shall meet the
Requirements	standards set by the board pursuant to section 38-126 and shall have been
	actively engaged in the practice of dentistry for at least three years, one of
	which must be within the three years immediately preceding the application, under a license in another state or territory of the United States or the District
	of Columbia. Practice in an accredited school or college of dentistry for the
	purpose of completing a postgraduate or residency program in dentistry also
	serves as active practice toward meeting this requirement.
	172 Nebraska Administrative Code, Chapter 56
	003.01 EXPERIENCE . Applicants applying for an initial license or a temporary
	license on the basis of a credential in another jurisdiction must provide direct
	source verification of certification of a credential to practice dentistry submitted
	to the Department by the jurisdiction.

The ADA attempts to keep this information current based on information from state dental boards, clinical testing agencies and state dental associations. Individuals seeking dental licensure should consult with the state board of dentistry and their professional advisors for the complete and most recent dental licensure information, application requirements, forms and fees. Updated: 4 July 2024

Specialty Practice

172 Nebraska Administrative Code, Chapter 56

008. UNPROFESSIONAL CONDUCT. Unprofessional conduct is set out in Neb. Rev. Stat. § 38-179 and includes the following:

- (A) Failure to keep written dental records and medical history records justifying the course of treatment of the consumer including, but not limited to, patient histories, examination results, test results, and X-rays, if taken;
- (B) Exercising influence on the consumer in such a manner as to exploit the consumer for the financial gain of the applicant, credential holder or permit holder, or of a third party, which includes, but is not limited to, the promotion or sale of services, goods, appliances, or drugs;
- (C) Refusing to provide professional service to a consumer because of such consumer's race, creed, color, sex, national origin, disability, or familial status:
- (D) Prescribing, selling, administering, or distributing any drug legally classified as a prescription drug other than for accepted dental therapeutic purposes:
- (E) Use of nitrous oxide or inhalants for other than dental therapeutic purposes;
- (F) Giving fraudulent prescriptions;
- (G) Maintaining fraudulent controlled substance records;
- (H) Failure to furnish the Board or Department, their inspectors or representatives, information legally requested by the Board or the Department;
- (I) Failure to submit a written report to the Board as required by Neb. Rev. Stat. § 38-1147;
- (J) Allowing a dental hygienist, licensed dental assistant, or a dental assistant to provide or perform services contrary to the statutes or regulations;
- (K) Any departure from or failure to conform to the American Dental Association's (ADA) Principles of Ethics and Code of Professional Conduct as published in November, 2018 excluding section 4.A. Patient Selection;
- (L) Misrepresenting the material facts of an individual's credential(s) in an application submitted to a healthcare facility, insurance company, or prospective employer;
- (M) Prescribing drugs to an individual based solely on answers to questions provided by tele-dentistry without first establishing a proper dentist-patient relationship;
- (N) Disruptive behavior such as:
- (i) Outbursts of rage or violent behavior;
- (ii) Throwing of instruments, records, or objects;
- (iii) Striking, assaulting, or using insulting comments to a consumer, consumer's family member, dental staff, or other healthcare professionals; or
- (iv) Poor hygiene;
- (O) Refusal to cooperate or failure to furnish requested information during any investigation by the Department;
- (P) Failure to ensure that the location requirements in this chapter for a general anesthesia or deep sedation permit or moderate sedation permit are met when the anesthesia or sedation for dental procedures at the location is provided by the dentist or an individual other than the dentist;
- (Q) Failure to exercise appropriate supervision over persons who are authorized to practice only under the supervision of a dentist; or

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	(R) Advertising as an American Dental Association Specialist without having completed a post-doctoral program in a specialty area of dentistry consisting of at least 2 full-time years and which is accredited by an accreditation agency that is recognized by the United States Department of Education.
Continuing	172 Nebraska Administrative Code, Chapter 56
Education	On or before March 1 of each odd-numbered year, each dentist holding an active license must complete at least 30 hours of acceptable continuing education during the preceding 24-month period. Each licensee is responsible for maintaining certificates or records of continuing education. A dentist holding a dental locum tenens license is not required to meet continuing education requirements. Temporary dental licenses will expire 1 year from the date of issuance, or when the postgraduate or residency program ends and are not required to meet continuing education requirements.
	007.01 ACCEPTABLE CONTINUING EDUCATION TOPICS AND
	ACTIVITIES.
	The following are acceptable continuing education sources and activities: (A) State and national meetings of the local, state, or American Dental Association, local, state, or National Dental Association, or educational programs sponsored by the recognized specialty groups in dentistry of the
	American Dental Association; (B) Attendance at district meetings and study clubs; (C) Formal education courses which relate directly to the practice of
	dentistry; (D) College or University-sponsored courses in continuing education dentistry; (E) Licensee acting as table clinician or lecturer to licensed dentists, licensed dental hygienists, licensed or unlicensed dental assistar licensee attending table clinics; (F) Home study with a testing mechanism there is not a testing mechanism or certificate of completion, the licensee submit an abstract or summary of the material covered to the Board of Dentistry. The abstract or summary must be written by only the licensee a will be reviewed. Interactive webinars which include the ability of the participant to interact with the presenter are not considered home study; (Direct clinical observation; (H) Initial cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) certification or cardiopulmonary resuscitation recertification; (I) Faculty overseeing dental clinic education of students; (J) Dental public health continuing education; (K) Ethics and professionalism continuing education Well-being or substance abuse continuing education; (M) Infection control continuing education; (N) Practice management continuing education; (O) Administration and management of anesthesia or sedation for the dental continuing education; (P) Prescribing opiates and the prescription drug monitoring program continuing education; or (Q) Participating in a volunte activity such as Mission of Mercy or equivalent.
	007.02 CONTINUING EDUCATION CRITERIA.
	To be considered acceptable for continuing education, the activity must meet the following criteria: (A) Be at least 50 minutes in duration; (B) Objectives must relate to the practice of dentistry; (C) Presenters must be qualified by education, experience, or training; (D) Must be open to all licensed dentists who meet the pre-requisites for the activity; and (E) The provider must have a

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attended by the licensee.

process for verifying attendance and issue a certificate of attendance for each participant. Each certificate must include the following: (i) Program name; (ii) Name of the participant and the participant's license number; (iii) Provider's name; (iv) Dates the activity began and ended; and (v) Number of hours

Updated: 4 July 2024

007.03 CRITERIA FOR A HOME STUDY PROGRAM.

To be considered acceptable for continuing education, a home study program must meet the following criteria: (A) Objectives must relate to the practice of dentistry; (B) Must have a post-test or other method of assessment which verifies that the licensee completed the program; and (C) The authors(s) or developer(s) of the program must meet the following qualifications: (i) Experience in the content and subject matter of the program; (ii) Expertise in teaching and instructional methods suitable to the subject presented; and (iii) Suitable academic qualifications, certification credentials, or experience for or in the subject of the program.

007.04 CREDIT HOUR CALCULATIONS.

Credits earned in excess of thirty hours in a 24 month renewal period do not carry over into the following period. A dentist may receive credit for acceptable continuing education activities, subject to the credit number limitations and requirements set out below:

- (A) A maximum of 10 hours each in a renewal period may be obtained through home study or for initial cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) certification;
- (B) A maximum of 2 hours each in a renewal period may be obtained as a table clinician or lecturer or for direct clinical observation;
- (C) A maximum of 4 hours each in a renewal period may be obtained for cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) re-certification or practice management continuing education;
- (D) A maximum of 5 hours in a renewal period may be obtained for faculty overseeing dental clinic education of students;
- (E) A minimum of 2 hours in a renewal period must be obtained in infection control continuing education;
- (F) If the licensee prescribes controlled substances, continuing education that meets the requirements set in Neb. Rev. Stat. § 38-145;
- (G) A minimum of 6 hours in a renewal period must be obtained in general anesthesia or sedation administration and management for the dental office continuing education for licensees holding any level of sedation permit;
- (H) A licensee who is a presenter of a continuing education program may receive a maximum of 2 hours for the creation of a presentation, and a maximum of 2 hours for the initial presentation of the program during a renewal period. Credit will not be given to the licensee for subsequent presentations of the same program; or
- (I) A maximum of 5 hours in a renewal period for participating in a volunteer activity such as Mission of Mercy or equivalent.